



NCAA Rules Review - 2017

A quick look at common rules that we often forget

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- Team A will kickoff from the 35 yard line
- All team A players, except the player that kicks the ball, must be no more than 5 yards behind A's restraining line from the Ready For Play until the ball is kicked
- Team A can keep the ball if they recover kick
 - beyond B's restraining line -OR-
 - after B touches kick –OR–
 - after ball touches ground, official or player beyond B's restraining line (even if it subsequently bounces back)
- Team A must have at least 4 players on either side of kicker when kicked
- Team A player that goes out of bounds and returns (unless forced out)
 - 5 yard penalty from **Previous Spot** or **Succeeding Spot where ball belongs to B**
- Team A may not block until eligible to touch kick
 - 5 yard penalty from **Previous Spot** or **Succeeding Spot where ball belongs to B**
 - Blocking before eligible is reviewable





- Penalty for free kick out of bounds is for Team B to take the ball
 - 30 yards Beyond Free Kick Line –OR–
 - 5 yards from the Previous Spot –OR–
 - 5 yards from the Out of Bounds Spot
- If the result of the play is a touchback, the ball will be put at the 25
- If free kick is caught by an airborne Team B player who lands out-of-bounds, it is <u>not</u>, as of 2014, a foul against Team A for kick out-of-bounds
- If free kick is touched by Team B player who is straddling the sideline, or by **any** out of bounds player, the ball becomes dead and it is a foul against Team A for kick out-of-bounds
- Team B right to accept spot of Illegal Touching can only be canceled if a penalty is accepted (penalty acceptance has priority)





- Any Team A foul during a free kick (except Kick Catch Interference) can be enforced from
 - Previous Spot -OR-
 - Dead Ball Spot if Team B has possession at the end of the down -OR-
 - **25 Yard Line** if play results in touchback
- A player is not considered to have touched a free kick if
 - He is blocked into the ball by an opponent -OR-
 - An opponent bats the ball into the player
- Game clock starts when ball is legally touched in the field of play
- Team B is prohibited from intentionally aligning three or more players shoulder-to-shoulder for the purpose of blocking [15 yard penalty for Illegal Wedge]
 - Exception If result is a touchback, there is no foul





- Scrimmage Kick Formation (allows for numbering exceptions):
 - No Team A player in position to receive a hand-to-hand snap under snapper's legs
 - Must be obvious that a kick will be attempted (inclusive of formation for punts, i.e. "other backs split wide" does not satisfy) and:
 - At least one Team A player 10 or more yards behind NZ, or,
 - A potential holder and potential kicker 7 or more yards behind the NZ for place kick.
- Team A can recover but cannot advance a kick that lands beyond the neutral zone and then bounces back behind the neutral zone
 - If touched by B after the kick goes beyond neutral zone, A would maintain possession
- Ball is dead if kick lands in Team B's end zone (unless touched by B after kick crosses the neutral zone)
- If Team A commits Illegal Touching by <u>batting</u> the ball in Team B's end zone, B may elect a touchback (unless touched by B beyond neutral zone). If foul is accepted, illegal touching spot is ignored





- Team A player that goes out of bounds and returns (unless forced out)
 - 5 yard penalty from **Previous Spot** or **Succeeding Spot** belonging to B
- Any Team A foul (except Kick Catch Interference) prior to or during a scrimmage kick can be enforced from the **Dead Ball Spot** where it belongs to Team B (except field goal attempts) if the ball crosses the neutral zone
- A player is not considered to have touched a scrimmage kick if
 - He is blocked into the ball by an opponent -OR-
 - An opponent bats the ball into the player
- Blocking below the waist
 - Prohibited by any player (A or B) from the time of the snap (not the kick) if team kicks
- Team B players in the tackle box attempting to leap over the punt shield results in a 15 yard personal foul, automatic 1st down
 - Jumping straight up or between the shield is not a foul





- Field Goal
 - If unsuccessful FG attempt is declared dead beyond the neutral zone, ball is returned to **Previous Spot** or **20 Yard Line** (unless touched by Team B after kick crosses neutral zone)
 - Note: The **Previous Spot** or **20 Yard Line** will also serve as the basic spot for postscrimmage kick enforcement under these conditions
- **3-on-1** by Team B on FG or Try Kicks
 - Three Team B Players are prohibited from aligning shoulder-to-shoulder in the blocking zone and moving forward together, as a unit, to make contact against a single Team A Player.
 - Five yard penalty for Illegal Formation from the **Previous Spot**





- Offense
 - Formation:
 - Team A must have at least 5 linemen wearing numbers 50-79 on the line of scrimmage (exception: scrimmage kick formation). These players are allowed to interlock legs
 - Team A may not have more than 4 players in the backfield
 - One Team A player that is not a lineman may be in motion at the snap as long as he's not moving toward Team B's goal line
 - Shift / False Starts: After huddle or shift, all Team A players must be set for at least one second.
 - If Team A comes to a one second stop and then illegally shifts, it is a live ball illegal shift foul.
 - If Team A does not come to a one-second stop and then illegally shifts, it is a dead-ball false start. The play should be shut down
- Defense
 - Team B is prohibited from entering the neutral zone causing 'threatened' Team A linemen to react. A Team B player may threaten a maximum of three Team A linemen.
 - Team B player enters directly toward a Team A player, the 2 adjacent linemen are threatened.
 - Team B player enters in a gap, only those 2 linemen are threatened.





- Pass Eligibility Lost
 - Team A player goes out of bounds (unless forced out and returns immediately)
- Pass Eligibility Gained (or Regained)
 - Ball touches Team B player (or official)
- Pass Interference Restrictions End
 - Any touching (Team A, Team B or official)
- Illegal Touching by an originally ineligible player
 - 5 yards from **Previous Spot** (not spot of foul) and no loss of down
- Illegal Touching by a player who steps out of bounds on his own and becomes an inbounds player
 - Loss of Down from Previous Spot
- Team B fouls prior to or during a forward pass include an automatic first down if:
 - Pass crossed the neutral zone untouched by Team A or Team B -AND-
 - Team B foul was a contact foul against an eligible receiver -AND-
 - Team B foul occurred beyond the neutral zone -AND-
 - Team B foul occurred before pass was touched





- A player completes a catch if the following three criteria are met:
 - Secures control of a ball in flight (with hands or arms) –AND–
 - Is an inbounds player and touches the ground in bounds with any part of his body –
 AND–
 - Maintains control long enough to perform an act common to the game (such as advance, pitch, hand or protect himself)
 - Note 1: He does not have to perform one of these acts, he must simply control it long enough to have the opportunity
 - Note 2: The criteria for completing a catch is the same whether in the field of play or end zone. The only difference is that you cannot have a catch/fumble in the end zone (that would be a touchdown)
- If a player is going to the ground in the act of completing the catch then:
 - He must maintain control when he contacts the ground (even on the sideline)
 - Note 1: If he loses and regains control of the ball when he hits the ground in the field of play or end zone, it can still be ruled a catch if the ball did not touch the ground
 - Note 2: If he loses and regains control of the ball when he hits the ground on the sideline or anywhere else out of bounds, it is an incomplete pass





- Initial Impetus is caused by the player who carries, passes, kicks, fumbles, or snaps a ball from the field of play into the end zone.
- Once the ball is loose, impetus can only be changed if a player
 - Bats the ball after it strikes the ground
 - Kicks the ball (regardless of whether it has struck the ground)
 - Contacts the ball after it has comes to rest
- Note: Muffing a loose ball that is still rolling and batting a ball in flight do not change the original impetus!



Penalty Enforcement – Basic Principles



• **Basic Spot** is normally:

- Previous Spot

- End of Related Run

... for running plays that end beyond the neutral zone

- ...otherwise
- Offensive Fouls that occur behind the basic spot (but <u>beyond</u> the neutral zone) are enforced from the **Spot of the Foul** (this is the "1" in 3-and-1)
- Offensive Fouls (all contact fouls and illegal touching) that occur <u>behind</u> the neutral zone are enforced from the **Previous Spot**. The only fouls that can be enforced from behind the neutral zone are:
 - Intentional Grounding
 - Illegal Forward Pass
 - Illegal Batting
 - Illegal Kicking
 - Live-ball UNS Team A foul
- Contact Fouls by Team A in their own end zone result in a safety
- Defensive Fouls are never enforced from behind the neutral zone



Postscrimmage Kick Enforcement



- Criteria for Postscrimmage Kick Enforcement
 - Foul occurs during scrimmage kick
 - Ball crosses neutral zone
 - Team B ends with possession
- No PSK on try or extra periods
- PSK does not apply on a successful field goal (penalty is enforced from **Previous Spot**)
- If punt ends in Team B end zone then PSK spot is the **20 Yard Line**
- If unsuccessful FG attempt (untouched by Team B beyond NZ) is declared dead beyond NZ then PSK spot is the **Previous Spot** (if snapped outside the 20 yard line) or **20 Yard** Line (if snapped inside the 20 yard line)
- If Team A bats kick in Team B end zone (touchback) and kick is untouched by Team B beyond NZ then PSK spot is the **20 Yard Line**



Penalty Enforcement when result is a Touchback, Momentum Exception or Safety



- If the result of a play is a **touchback** then
 - The basic spot of enforcement is the 20 yard line
 - Fouls by Team B behind the **20 yard line** are enforced from the **spot of the foul**
 - Fouls by Team B in the end zone result in a safety
 - Fouls by Team A are enforced from the 20 yard line
- If the result of a play is the **momentum exception** then
 - The **basic spot** of enforcement is the **momentum spot**
 - Fouls by Team B behind the **momentum spot** are enforced from the **spot of the foul**
 - Fouls by Team B in the **end zone** result in a **safety**
 - Fouls by Team A are enforced from the **momentum spot**
- If the result of a play (after a change of possession) is a **safety** then
 - The **basic spot** of enforcement is the **goal line**
 - Fouls by Team B result in a **safety**
 - Fouls by Team A are enforced from the **goal line**
- Note: If Team B player fumbles the ball forward from his end zone and the ball goes out of bounds in the field of play then the **touchback** / **momentum spot** are still in effect (treat as if ball never left end zone).





- During Touchdown
 - Personal fouls by opponents of scoring team and dead-ball unsportsmanlike fouls by either team are enforced on try or succeeding kickoff (offended team has choice)
- During Dead Ball Interval between Touchdown and Try
 - Personal (or unsportsmanlike) fouls after the touchdown but before the ready for play by either team are enforced on try or succeeding kickoff (offended team has choice)
 - Fouls after the ready for play are enforced prior to the next snap
- During Try
 - Personal foul and live-ball UNS fouls by Team B Team A may keep point(s) and have penalty enforced from succeeding spot
 - Live ball fouls penalized as dead ball fouls during the try are enforced on the succeeding kickoff (or succeeding spot in extra periods)
 - Defensive Pass Interference penalties are enforced ½ the distance if try was attempted from the B3 (declined if try successful)
- During Field Goal
 - No special rules apply. Team A cannot keep points and have penalty enforced





- Team B player fouls after giving a valid, invalid or illegal fair catch signal during <u>free</u> kick he did not touch
 - 15 yards from Spot of Foul (not previous spot)
- Illegal kick beyond neutral zone
 - 5 yards from Previous Spot (not spot of foul) and Loss of Down and Ball Becomes Dead
- Return kick (kick after change of possession)
 - 5 yards from **Spot of Foul** and **Ball Becomes Dead**
- Illegal Kick (using a tee)
 - 5 yards from **Previous Spot**
- Team A player that goes out of bounds and returns and touches a forward pass (unless blocked out **OR** pass touches Team B **OR** pass touches official)
 - Loss of Down from Previous Spot (not all-but-one)
- Personal fouls by the defense during legal forward pass plays completed beyond the neutral zone
 - 15 yard penalty enforced at the end of the last run
 - Exception Change of possession occurs during the down



Non-Standard Penalty Enforcements (con't)



- Kick-catching interference (free kick or scrimmage kick)
 - 15 yards from **Spot of Foul** (not previous spot)
 - Receiver gets 1 yard, shoulder-to-shoulder, directly in front of him of which A cannot enter until B touches the ball
 - For free kicks, protection is not provided if the kick strikes the ground more than once.
- Illegal forward handing to teammate who was on the line and did not turn 180 degrees to receive the ball (and must be 2 yards behind line to legally receive ball)
 - 5 yards from **Spot of Foul** and **Loss of Down**
- Throwing the ball backwards intentionally out of bounds to conserve time
 - 5 yards from Spot of Foul and Loss of Down
- Illegal Forward Pass / Intentional Grounding
 - Spot of Foul and Loss of Down if thrown to avoid loss of yardage or to conserve time
 - Penalty "to conserve time" no longer includes 5 yards
 - 5 yards from Spot of Foul and Loss of Down otherwise
 - Note: Not a foul if the there is an eligible receiver in the area. Receiver no longer needs an "opportunity to catch the pass"



- Planned loose ball
 - 5 yards from Previous Spot and Loss of Down
- Delay of Game Penalty if game clock was running [5 yards]
 - Clock on <u>snap</u> if Scrimmage Kick Formation or Team A intentionally consuming time
 - Clock on ready otherwise





- The Low Blocking Zone is no longer defined (as of 2016).
- Restrictions on Offensive Players
 - At the snap
 - Blocking Below the Waist allowed if the force of the initial contact is from the front
 - Additionally, offensive linemen lined up within the tackle box and stationary backs lined up with any part of body that is **both** (a) within the Tackle Box **and** (b) within the frame of second lineman from snapper may legally block below the waist with a force of initial contact <u>from the side</u> if:
 - » The contact occurs within the tackle box -AND-
 - » The ball has not left the tackle box
 - For linemen and backs not covered above, BBW is **not** allowed at the snap if toward the original position of the ball until the ball carrier is clearly beyond the neutral zone.
 - After the ball leaves the tackle box
 - Blocking Below the Waist allowed only if (applies uniformly to all offensive players):
 - The force of the initial contact is from the front -AND-
 - The blocker is not moving towards his own end line

<u>Note</u>: A block is considered "from the front" if it occurs between "10 o'clock and 2 o'clock" forward of the player being blocked.





- Restrictions On Defensive Players
 - Allowed within an area 5 yards on either side of the line of scrimmage from sideline to sideline
 - Prohibited against:
 - A player in position to receive a backward pass
 - A pass receiver beyond the neutral zone until a pass is no longer possible by rule
- Free Kick
 - Prohibited (both teams) for entire down
- Scrimmage Kick
 - Prohibited (both teams) for entire down if Team A kicks the ball
- Change of Team Possession
 - Prohibited (both teams) for remainder of down





- A player is prohibited from going out of bounds to block an opponent that is out of bounds
 - The block is illegal if the blocker and the player being blocked are **both** clearly out of bounds at the time of the block.
 - The block is legal if the block starts inbounds and continues across the sideline.
- Enforcement: The spot of the foul is where the blocker crosses the sideline to go out of bounds to block. PSK Enforcement could apply.
- Note: if the block out of bounds happens during a kick and the block is by a receiving team member, the kicking team player that goes out of bounds on his own may not return inbounds without committing a foul in his own right.





- Offensive Lineman positioned within 5 yards of the middle lineman (blocking zone)
 - Legal in 10x6 Rectangular Area (Free Blocking Zone)
 - Ball must be in area at time of clip
 - Player may not leave zone then reenter and clip
 - Contact must be above the knee





- Combination Block with or without delay (except against runner):
 - High/Low
 - Low/High
- "Low" means at the thigh or below
- Notes (2):
 - 1. High/High and Low/Low combination blocks are legal (no foul),
 - 2. If defender initiates contact with offender, and then that defender is blocked low, the block is legal (no foul).





- If the offense rushes quickly to the line from the sideline or the huddle:
 - Umpire will cover the ball and allow defense an opportunity to match up
 - If play clock expires it will be a Delay of Game (DOG) foul against Team A
- If the offense is at the line of scrimmage and quickly substitutes and it appears that a quick snap is imminent then the Referee will shut down the play and:
 - Give warning unless play clock expires which would be a DOG on A, 5 yard penalty.
 Warn the Head Coach that the next occurrence will result in a 15 yard
 Unsportsmanlike Conduct (USC) penalty





- Illegal Substitution (Live Ball Fouls 5 yards)
 - 12th player (either team) running off the field at the snap
 - Substitute (either team) enters and then departs during same dead ball interval
 - Player (either team) departs then re-enters during same dead ball interval
 - 12 or more participating players detected during or after a down is over
- Illegal Substitution (<u>Dead</u> Ball Fouls 5 yards)
 - Substitute (either team) enters from outside of designated team area and enters the formation
 - Team A breaks huddle with 12 or more players
 - Replaced player (either team) does not leave within 3 seconds
 - More than 11 players in formation





- Batting a Loose Ball
 - Forward Pass in Flight
 - Legal: Any eligible player in any direction
 - Backward Pass in Flight
 - Legal: Bat backward (can be batted forward by non-passing team)
 - Illegal: Bat forward by passing team [10 yards but no loss of down]
 - Fumble in Flight or Grounded Loose Ball in Field of Play
 - Legal: Bat backward
 - Illegal: Bat forward [10 yards and Loss of Down]
 - Fumble in Flight or Grounded Loose Ball in End Zone
 - Illegal: [10 yards and Loss of Down]
 - Exception: Team A batting a kick in opponent's end zone
- Kicking a Loose Ball
 - Always a foul [10 yards and Loss of Down]





- Fourth-down fumble rule is in effect (on a Team A fumble before change of possession)
- Any personal foul or unsportsmanlike conduct foul by Team B may be enforced from succeeding spot if try is successful.
- Kick Catch Interference penalties are declined (or combined to form offsetting penalties)
- Defensive Pass Interference fouls are enforced ½ the distance to the goal if the ball was snapped from the 3 yard line.
- If there is a change of possession and both teams foul during the try, the Team B foul will dictate whether the try is replayed:
 - Team B fouls prior to change of possession Replay Try from Previous Spot (penalties offset)
 - Team B fouls after the change of possession ("clean hands") Try ends; no replay
- PSK fouls by Team B (if accepted) are enforced from **Previous Spot**
- After a change of possession, unsportsmanlike conduct fouls, live ball fouls enforced as dead ball fouls and flagrant personal fouls are enforced from the **Succeeding Spot** (i.e., carryover)
- If Team A commits a foul that includes a loss of down, the try ends (no score)
- If touchdown is scored on the last play of regulation, the try must be attempted unless margin is 3 points or more.





- If Team B gains possession the play continues but the Team A series will end (A can score on a double change of possession but cannot regain 1st-and-10)
- Only 2-point trys may be scored from the 3rd extra period on
- Exactly <u>one</u> timeout per team per period (No carryover from regulation to overtime and no carryover across overtime periods)
- If there is a change of possession and both teams foul during the down, the Team B foul will dictate whether the down is replayed:
 - Team B fouls prior to change of possession Replay down from Previous Spot (penalties offset); Team A series continues.
 - Team B fouls after the change of possession ("clean hands") Series ends; no replay
- PSK fouls by Team B (if accepted) are enforced from **Previous Spot**
- After a change of possession, unsportsmanlike conduct fouls, live ball fouls enforced as dead ball fouls and flagrant personal fouls are enforced from the **Succeeding Spot** (i.e., carryover)





- Sideline interferes with official (Game Administration Interference)
 - 1st offense
 - Warning
 - 2nd and 3rd offense
 - 5 yard penalty from Succeeding Spot
 - 3rd and subsequent offense (and subsequent offenses)
 - 15 yard penalty from Succeeding Spot
- Sideline interferes with live ball or player (*Illegal Interference*)
 - 15 yard penalty from the Basic Spot
 - Referee may enforce any penalty he considers equitable including a score
 - Additionally, if the non-player touches a loose ball, the play is immediately dead and inadvertent whistle procedures also apply
- [New for 2017] Coach enters field to question, protest, or in disagreement
 - 15 yard penalty from the Basic Spot
 - This unsportsmanlike conduct foul counts as one of the two leading to disqualification from the game.





- Roughing the Passer
 - No foul if defender is legally/illegally blocked into passer
 - Foul if unabated defender forcibly hits a passer at the knee area or below. "Forcibly hitting" includes rolling into and lunging into. No foul for "conventional" tackle by defender grapping/wrapping without forcible contact with head or shoulders.
- Roughing the Kicker
 - No foul if defender is blocked into kicker (legally or illegally)
 - No foul for Roughing the Kicker (or Running into Kicker) if kicker is outside tackle box (more than 5 yards wide from position where ball was snapped)
 - If Player B1 touches the kick and Player B2 illegally contacts the kicker, it is still a foul against Team B. Only the player that touches is exempt from roughing/running into penalties.



Unsportsmanlike Conduct vs. Personal Foul



- Unsportsmanlike Conduct
 - Non-contact fouls such as Taunting, Excessive Celebration, Disrespecting an official
 - Dead-ball contact fouls such as pushing, shoving, and striking that occur clearly after the ball is dead and is not a part of game action as well as using forcible contact to push or pull an opponent off the pile
 - Contacting an official (plus ejection)
 - Team-A rushing a substitution to gain an advantage for 2nd time (1st offense is a warning)
 - Are considered 'common' fouls (live ball or dead ball)
 - Team A live ball fouls are enforced via 3 and 1 enforcement
 - Team B fouls include an automatic first down
 - When in doubt, it is a dead-ball foul
 - Ejection: Two UNS fouls on player or coach.
- Personal Fouls
 - Automatic first down (if foul against defense)
 - Contact fouls such as:
 - Late Hits
 - Fighting (plus ejection)
 - If a player's unsportsmanlike act (such as taunting) causes opponent to physically retaliate it is considered fighting and both players are ejected



Defenseless Player / Targeting



- The following players are considered **Defenseless** and are given *targeting* protection:
 - Passer player in the act or just after throwing a pass
 - Receiver player in act of completing a catch who has not had an opportunity to protect himself
 - Kicker player in the act of kicking or after kicking the ball (protection continues for remainder of down)
 - Returner player attempting to catch or recover a kick
 - Prone player on the ground
 - Passive player obviously out of the play
 - Blind-sided player who receives a blind-side block
 - Downed runner already in grasp of opponent where forward progress is stopped
 - Quarterback quarterback any time after a change of possession
 - Sliding Ball Carrier runner that's obviously given himself up and is sliding feet-first
- If any **Defenseless** player is <u>targeted</u>, it is a 15 yard penalty and the offending player is disqualified. <u>Targeting</u> is:
 - Making forcible <u>contact to</u> the head or neck area of a defenseless opponent with the head, forearm, helmet or shoulder –OR–
 - Making forcible contact with the crown of the helmet against a defenseless opponent
- Replay can:
 - remove targeting penalty. For games without replay, halftime video review by Referee may verse the disqualification
 - create targeting in egregious instances when not called by on-field officials





- No defensive player can run forward from beyond the neutral zone and leap or hurdle attempting to block a field goal or try. It is not a foul if the player was aligned in a stationary position within one yard of the line of scrimmage when the ball was snapped. It no longer matters if the player lands on another player or not. [new for 2017]
- No defensive player attempting to block, bat or catch a kick may step, jump, stand on a teammate, place hands on teammate to get additional height (leverage), be picked up, elevated, propelled or pushed by a teammate.
- No defensive player who is inside the width area of the tackle box at the snap may leap directly over opponents in the "punt shield".
 - It is not a foul if the defensive player tries to block the punt by jumping straight up without attempting to leap over the opponent or if a defensive player attempts to leap through or over the gap between players.





• All players are prohibited from grabbing the inside back collar of the shoulder pads, jersey, **nameplate area [new for 2017]**, or the inside collar of the side of the shoulder pads or jersey, and immediately pulling the ball carrier down.





- Any player whose helmet comes completely off, other than as a direct result of a foul, must leave the game for the next down (unless offending team call timeout)
 - Game clock will be stopped:
 - Immediately if the player is the ball carrier
 - After the down if any other player
 - If outside 1:00 of either half
 - Play clock set to 40 if player is on defense
 - Play clock set to 25 if player is on offense
 - If under **1:00** of either half
 - Play clock is set to 40 seconds if player is on defense, 25 seconds if player is on offense
 - Opponent has option of 10 second reduction under 1:00
 - Team can buy their way out of 10 second reduction with a timeout (player can return without sitting out one play)
- Player who loses helmet must not continue to participate in the play unless it is in the immediate action in which he is engaged
 - 15 yard foul personal foul
 - Contact against player is a foul unless in immediate action (15 yard personal foul, automatic 1st down if by Team B prior to change of team possession)



Player Numbering & Illegal Equipment



- Equipment:
 - Knee pads must be covered by pants and pants must be to at least the top of the knee [new for 2017] and cover the knee [2018]
 - Jerseys must be tucked; Jerseys that are taped, tied or knotted are illegal
 - All team members must wear socks or leg coverings that are identical in color, design and length
 - Cleats that are longer than 1/2 inch are illegal (player wearing illegal cleats is DQ'ed by rule
 - Umpire must inspect/approve tape or bandage on hand, wrist, forearm or elbow
 - Visible bandannas are illegal
 - Eye shields, Eyeglasses, and goggles that are not clear are illegal
 - Gloves may be of any color
 - Towels (must be solid white) may be worn by any player
 - Must be solid white
 - No lettering, symbols, et cetera, *except* for Team Logo.
 - Must be no smaller than 4" x 12" and no larger than 6" x 12"
 - Must be in front or side
- Player must leave game for at least 1 down until fixed or else use a timeout. Can be fixed without leaving game
 or using a timeout if becomes illegal during down
- Numbering
 - A player that changes his jersey number during the game must report the change to the Referee.
 - Two players wearing the same number are not allowed to play the same position during the game.
 - 15 yard penalty for Unsportsmanlike Conduct



Game Clock Considerations



- Ready for play versus Snap
 - Runner out of bounds / Backward Pass out of bounds / Fumble backwards out of bounds
 - Ready prior to last 2:00 of the half
 - Snap less than 2:00 in the half
 - Fumble forward out of bounds
 - *Ready* regardless of clock status (*return ball to spot of fumble*)
 - Team B ends down in possession of ball and no scoring (TD, FG, Safety) occurred
 - Snap if Team B is next to snap the ball
 - Ready if enforcement of a Team B penalty results in Team A retaining possession (Exception: Snap if scrimmage kick down)
 - Snap if during last 2:00 of the half, game clock is stopped to administer a penalty by the team ahead (or tied) in the score at the option of the offended team
- Minimum time for another play
 - If game clock is stopped and will start on the ready
 - With **three or more seconds** remaining in quarter, the ball can be grounded and there be another play.
 - With two seconds or one second remaining in the quarter, there is time for only one play.





- Generally, the play clock will be reset to **40 seconds** and immediately start counting down at the conclusion of each play. This includes:
 - Ball dead inbounds or out of bounds (even if a first down is awarded)
 - Incomplete Pass
 - Injury Timeout for Team B player
 - Helmet off Team B player
 - Play clock will be set to 25 if ball is not ready to be snapped when play clock reads 25
- The play clock countdown will be reset to **25 seconds** if one of the following occurs:
 - Start of Period (or start of series in Extra Periods)
 - Free Kick
 - Try for Point
 - Change of Possession
 - Timeout
 - Charged Team Timeout
 - Media Timeout
 - Injury Timeout for Team A player
 - Helmet off Team A player
 - Administrative Stoppage
 - Measurement
 - Instant Replay Review





- 10-Second Subtraction, with less than one minute in a half and the clock is running
 - For a foul by either team that stops the clock (e.g., False Start, Team B contact in NZ, Intentional Grounding to stop the clock, *Incomplete* Illegal FWD Pass, etc.)
 - For an injured player <u>and</u> the injured player is the only reason to stop the clock
 - For a helmet coming off <u>and</u> the helmet coming off is the only reason to stop the clock
 - No time subtracted if:
 - For a foul, the offended team accepts yardage and declines time subtraction
 - For a foul, the offended team declines the yardage
 - For a foul, the fouling team calls a timeout
 - For an injured player or a player's helmet coming off, that player's team takes a timeout.
 - Clock will start on the *ready* if time is subtracted
 - Clock will start on the *snap* if foul or time subtraction is declined





- Sounded while ball in player possession
 - Team in possession may take ball at the spot (down counts) or replay the down
- Sounded while ball is loose following backward pass, fumble or illegal forward pass
 Team in possession may take ball at end of run (down counts) or replay the down
- Sounded during legal forward pass, scrimmage kick or free kick
 - Replay down
- Sounded while Team B is in possession on try or in extra periods
 - Down ends. No replay
- Penalty enforcement (accepted penalty) or accepting the spot of Illegal Touching (on a kick) take precedence over the inadvertent whistle procedure